IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

Appellan(s): FRANKHUISEN Confirmation No. 9171

Application No.: 10/552,880

Filed: October 12, 2006

Group Art Unit: 1794

Examiner: WOOD, Ellen S.

Attorney Docket No.: 784-107 (177490)

Customer No.: 30448

For: LABEL FOR WET APPLICATIONS

Mail Stop: Appeal Brief-Patents Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 DATE: May 27, 2011

REPLY BRIEF UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 41.41

Sir

This Reply Brief is responsive to the Examiner's Answer mailed March 29, 2011, filed in the appeal of the final rejection of claims 1-24 dated March 3, 2010. Although no fee is believed to be due, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any underpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-0951.

Reply Brief

I. STATUS OF CLAIMS

Claims 1-24 were pending in this application. Claim 24 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph. Claims 1-24 stand rejected, with claims 1-11 and 15-24 rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated, whereas claims 12-14 stand finally rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious. Claims 1-23 are being appealed, and an amendment is filed herewith to cancel claim 24.

Reply Brief

II. GROUNDS OF REJECTION TO BE REVIEWED ON APPEAL

The following grounds of rejection are requested to be reviewed on appeal.

- (1) The Examiner's rejection of independent claims 1 and 16, and dependent claims 2, 4-11, 15 and 17-24 under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by PCT Publication No. WO91/16025 to Samonides (hereafter "Samonides").
- (2) The Examiner's rejection of independent claim 1, and dependent claims 2-6, 10, 15 and 23, under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by Japanese Patent No. 10-180970 to Akio (hereafter "Akio").
- (3) The Examiner's rejection of claims 12-14 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over Samonides.

Reply Brief

III. ARGUMENTS

Indefiniteness of claim 24 under 35 U.S.C. §112

Appellant has no comment on the correctness of the Examiner's rejection of claim 24

under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph. Nevertheless, in the interests of reducing the issues on

Appeal, Appellant files an Amendment to the claims herewith in accordance with 37 CFR

§41.33(b)(1) to cancel claim 24. Entry of the amendment is respectfully requested.

Anticipation and obviousness over Samonides or Akio under 35 U.S.C. §§102 and 103

The "Response to Arguments" section of the Examiner's Answer mailed March 29, 2011

(hereinafter "Answer") states in relation to the rejection over Samonides that the claim language

must be given its broadest possible meaning and that it should be interpreted as being a "slip of a

laminate construction that is formed for attachment to something". The Answer further states that

the claims are not directed to a label that has been adhered to a substrate, and that the label

claimed by the applicant is merely a slip of a laminate construction that is formed for attachment

to something. Yet further, the Answer states that the carrier sheet of Samonides is an outer layer

that is used for receiving printed indicia, and that it is exposed when the printed indicia is printed

thereon. Thus, the Answer asserts that the carrier sheet of Samonides meets the limitations of the

outer layer of the claims.

Appellant respectfully disagrees with the Answer on all of these points. First, one of

ordinary skill in the art reading the application and prosecution history would understand that the

{WP757501;1}

4

Reply Brief

term "label" as used in the claims does not include a backing or carrier sheet. A carrier sheet is not designed to receive printed indicia on an exposed surface thereof. A carrier sheet is not part of a label that is "formed for attachment to something" but rather is discarded, serving the purpose of protecting an adhesive layer on the label prior to attachment of the label to the item it is to label.

In relation to the rejection over Akio, the Answer asserts that a piece of paper can be considered to be a "label" and that the label of applicant's claimed invention does not claim adhesive properties within the actual laminate structure of the label. This does not address Appellant's comments that Akio teaches that the outer layer is transparent, and that it does not have an opacity that "reduces after the outer layer is exposed to moisture or liquid" as required by the present claims, because it is transparent.

The Answer has not provided any further evidence that either Samonides or Akio properly anticipate or render obvious the claims under appeal. The Answer does not show proof that Samonides or Akio teach a label of laminate construction in which the outer layer and under layer have opacities that react to moisture in different ways from one another, with the opacity of the over layer reducing after exposure to moisture or liquid, and the opacity of the under layer not reacting in the same manner.

{WP757501;1}

Reply Brief

CONCLUSION

For at least the reasons given above, claims 1-23 define patentable subject matter and are thus allowable. Appellant notes that the corresponding European patent application has been allowed. Appellant requests withdrawal of the rejections and allowance of the claims.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: 5-31-11

Mark D. Passler

Registration No. 40,764

Sarah E. Smith Registration No. 50,488

AKERMAN SENTERFITT

222 Lakeview Avenue, Suite 400 West Palm Beach, Florida 33401-6183

ala/

Phone: (561) 653-5000 in@akerman.com

Attorney Docket No.: 784-107